

REPORT TO THE BOARD

October 13, 2015

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District

Dear Board Members:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of William Floyd Union Free School District (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, and OMB Circular A-133, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated June 15, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

As described in note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 - "Accounting and Financial reporting for Pensions - Amendments to GASB Statement No. 27" and GASB Statement No. 71 - "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68," during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements were:

• Useful life of capital assets - Management's estimate of the useful life of capital assets is based on historical asset life information for the District's capital assets and industry standards, in order to determine the value and period of time over which individual capital assets are to be depreciated. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate of the useful life of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District Page 2

- Compensated absences liability Management's estimate of the liability for compensated absences is based on vested accumulated sick, vacation and/or leave payouts. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate of the compensated assets liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Other postemployment benefits obligation Management's estimate of the liability for other postemployment benefits is based on an actuarial valuation report prepared by a third party. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimate in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

- The disclosure of long-term debt in note 6 to the financial statements.
- The disclosure of pension plans in note 7 to the financial statements.
- The disclosure of other postemployment benefits in note 8 to the financial statements.
- The disclosure of commitments and contingencies in note 12 to the financial statements.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, only the misstatements discussed below were detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole. We assisted management in finalizing certain journal entries to correct several account reconciliations that were not completed prior to our initiation of field work. Adjustment to the recording of the refunding of bonds was made on the District's ledgers.

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Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - general fund, and the schedule of funding progress - other postemployment benefits, the schedule of District's proportionate share of net position asset/liability, and the schedule of employee's pension contributions which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District Page 4

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, and is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquires of management and evaluated the form content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the Untied States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

* * * * *

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of William Floyd Union Free School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Tarki & Co., CPAS, P.C.

TOSKI & CO., CPAs, P.C.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Financial Statements and Supplementary Information June 30, 2015 (With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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TOSKI & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the William Floyd Union Free School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the fiduciary funds of the William Floyd Union Free School District as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71 - "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68," during the year ending June 30, 2015. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 15 and the other required supplemental information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basis financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Toski & Co., CPAS, P.C.

Williamsville, New York October 13, 2015

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015

The William Floyd Union Free School District's management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2014, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

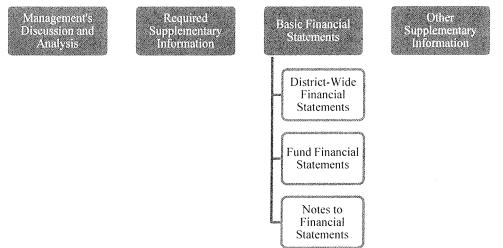
<u>1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS</u>

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- The District's total net position, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements increased by \$11,558,928.
- Net position at the beginning of the year was restated for a prior period adjustment and a change in accounting principle. These restatements had a net effect of increasing the net position at the beginning of the year by \$15,483,732.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$205,970,235. Of this amount, \$1,397,245 was offset by program charges for services, \$10,457,425 was offset by operating grants and contributions. General revenue offset the remaining expenses of \$194,115,565 as well as increasing net position by \$11,558,928.
- Expenses decreased by \$3,529,734 to \$205,970,235 in 2015 from \$209,499,969 in 2014.
- The general fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements, decreased by \$17,221,771. This was due to a budgeted use of fund balance.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements - the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the net of the four reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the period that it becomes measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds: general fund, school lunch fund, special aid fund, debt service fund and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total net position increased by \$11,558,928 between fiscal year 2015 and 2014. This is primarily a result of restatements as a result of implementing GASB Statements No. 68 and 71. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position is as follows:

		2014	Increase	Percentage
	<u>2015</u>	Restated	(decrease)	change
Current and other assets	\$ 89,206,601	91,790,791	(2,584,190)	(2.8%)
Capital assets, net	225,310,195	231,854,431	(6,544,236)	(2.8%)
Net pension asset	56,460,619	56,460,619	-	0.00%
Total assets	370,977,415	380,105,841	(9,128,426)	(2.4%)
Deferred outflows of resources	15,093,045	1,432,100	13,660,945	953.9%
Noncurrent liabilities	122,779,539	131,675,157	(8,895,618)	(6.8%)
Net pension liability	1,567,627	2,096,914	(529,287)	(25.2%)
Other liabilities	38,141,487	35,508,093	2,633,394	7.4%
Total liabilities	162,488,653	169,280,164	(6,791,511)	(4.0%)
Deferred inflows of resources	39,526,295	39,761,193	(234,898)	(0.6%)
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	152,591,584	141,057,311	11,534,273	8.2%
Restricted	28,919,968	28,819,101	100,867	0.4%
Unrestricted	2,543,960	2,620,172	(76,212)	(2.9%)
Total net position	\$ 184,055,512	172,496,584	11,558,928	6.7%

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Current and other assets decreased by \$2,584,190, as compared to the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the amounts due from the Fiduciary Funds.

Capital assets decreased by \$6,544,236, as compared to the prior year. Note 5 to the Financial Statements provides additional information.

A net pension asset of \$54,460,619 for the District's proportionate share of the Teachers' Retirement System net assets has been recorded as required by GASB Statement No. 68 and 71.

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$13,660,945, as compared to the prior year as a result of deferring pension expenses due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 71.

Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$9,424,905, as compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to principal payments made on existing debt.

Other liabilities increased by \$2,633,394, primarily due to the increase of accrued liabilities and amounts due to the Teachers' Retirement System.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$234,898, as compared to the prior year. This is primarily a result of amortization of deferred amounts on debt refunding.

The net investment in capital assets is calculated by subtracting the amount of outstanding debt used for construction from the total cost of all asset acquisitions, net of accumulated depreciation. The total cost of these acquisitions includes expenditures to purchase land, construct and improve buildings and purchase vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations.

The unrestricted net position at June 30, 2015 is \$2,543,960, which represents the amount by which the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, excluding debt related to capital construction, exceeded District assets, other than capital assets and deferred outflows of resources.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the statement of activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items lines. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

				Increase	Percentage
		<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	(decrease)	change
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,397,245	1,601,458	(204,213)	(12.8%)
Operating grants		10,457,425	10,468,584	(11,159)	(0.1%)
General revenues:					
Property taxes and STAR		93,889,040	93,097,737	791,303	0.8%
State sources		108,699,073	106,690,256	2,008,817	1.9%
Federal sources		319,008	375,552	(56,544)	(15.1%)
Other sources		2,767,372	1,836,739	930,633	50.7%
Total revenues		217,529,163	214,070,326	3,458,837	1.6%
Expenses:					
General support		26,923,621	30,434,374	(3,510,753)	(11.5%)
Instruction		158,386,464	158,999,405	(612,941)	(0.4%)
Pupil transportation		12,473,551	12,188,222	285,329	(2.3%)
Community service		2,063	50,254	(48,191)	(95.9%)
Debt service - interest		3,981,702	4,056,485	(74,783)	(1.8%)
Food service program		4,202,834	3,771,229	431,605	(11.4%)
Total expenses		205,970,235	209,499,969	(3,529,734)	(1.7%)
Increase in net position	<u>\$</u>	11,558,928	4,570,357	6,988,571	152.9%

The District's revenues increased by 1.6% in 2015 or \$3,458,837. The major factors that contributed to the increase were:

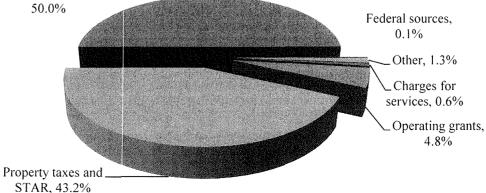
- Property tax and STAR revenues increased by 0.8% or \$791,303.
- State sources increased by 1.9% or \$2,008,817.
- Other sources increased by 50.7% or \$930,633.

State sources,

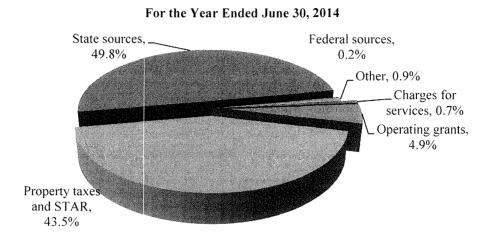
The District's expenditures for the year decreased by \$3,529,734 primarily as a result of the deferral of pension costs due to the implementation of GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 71.

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:

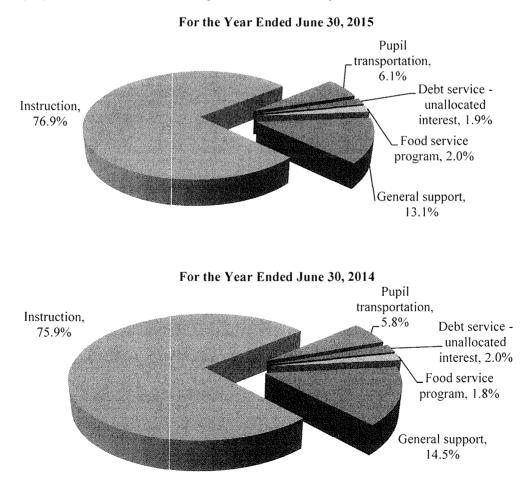
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 Feder



Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued



A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

4. Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At June 30, 2015, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$51,194,601, which is a decrease of \$5,245,401 from the prior year. This decrease is due to an excess of expenditures over revenue based upon the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

Increase

				Increase
		2015	2014	(decrease)
General Fund:				
Restricted:				
Workers' compensation	\$	3,491,001	4,562,614	(1,071,613)
Unemployment insurance		666,228	1,660,417	(994,189)
Employee benefit accrued liability		7,579,851	7,553,414	26,437
Retirement contribution		10,000,000	12,425,051	(2,425,051)
Insurance		2,626,767	2,617,605	9,162
Repairs		4,556,121		4,556,121
Total resticted		28,919,968	28,819,101	100,867
Assigned:				
General support		173,052	727,735	(554,683)
Instruction		1,546,026	1,008,402	537,624
Pupil transportation		-	7,150	(7,150)
Community service		75	-	75
Appropriated for subsequent				
year's expenditures		10,710,662	20,844,000	(10,133,338)
Total assigned	<u></u>	12,429,815	22,587,287	(10,157,472)
Unassigned - fund balance		8,919,537	16,084,703	(7,165,166)
Total general fund		50,269,320	67,491,091	(17,221,771)
School Lunch Fund:				
Nonspendable - inventory		4,043	33,104	(29,061)
Assigned - unappropriated fund balance		921,238	1,188,027	(266,789)
Total school lunch fund		925,281	1,221,131	(295,850)
Capital Projects Fund:				
Unassisgned (deficit)			(12,272,220)	12,272,220
Total fund balance	<u>\$</u>	51,194,601	56,440,002	(5,245,401)

Combined increases of \$100,867 in General Fund restricted fund balances during the year ended June 30, 2015 is a result of District's use and funding of reserves approved by the Board of Education.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

The elimination of the prior year deficit in the amount of \$12,272,220 in the Capital Fund balance is a result of District expenditures financing completed projects with money from the General Fund.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2014-15 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$223,943,389. This is an increase of \$3,442,126 over the prior years adopted budget.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenue and appropriate fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$106,875,791 in estimated state aid.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unreserved - undesignated fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, unassigned fund balance	\$ 16,084,703
Revenues over budget	3,462,844
Expenditures and encumbrances under budget	1,003,632
Additional grant in aid	170,745
Appropriations unexpended	728,295
Net additions to restricted funds	(100,867)
Roll over of encumbrances	(1,719,153)
Appropriated for the June 30, 2016 budget	(<u>10,710,662</u>)
Closing, unassigned fund balance	\$

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$16,084,703 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2014 fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 7.18% of the District's 2014-15 approved operating budget of \$223,943,389.

Revenue Over Budget

The 2014-2015 budget for revenue was \$202,450,021. The actual revenue received for the year were \$205,912,865. The actual revenue over estimated or budgeted revenue was \$3,462,844. This variance contributes directly to the change of the unassigned portion of the general fund balance from June 30, 2014 to June 30 2015.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2014-2015 budget for expenditures was \$225,857,421. The actual expenditures and encumbrances were \$224,853,789. The final budget was under expended by \$1,003,632. This under expenditure also contributes to the change of the unassigned portion of the general fund balance from June 30, 2014 to June 30 2015.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$10,710,662 of its available June 30, 2015, fund balance to partially fund its 2015-2016 approved operating budget.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2015-2016 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$8,919,537, which is 4.0% of the District's 2015-2016 approved operating budget.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net decrease in capital assets is due to depreciation exceeding capital additions recorded for the year ended June 30, 2015. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of depreciation at June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

			Increase
	2015	2014	(decrease)
Land	\$ 35,132,218	35,132,218	-
Construction in progress	-	47,770,028	(47,770,028)
Buildings and improvements	188,233,136	147,088,844	41,144,292
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	1,944,841	1,863,341	81,500
Capital assets, net	\$ 225,310,195	231,854,431	(6,544,236)

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2015, the District had total bonds payable of \$72,760,000. A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2015 and 2014 is as follows:

Issue	Interest			Increase
Date	Rate	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	(Decrease)
2/26/2013	2.0% - 3.0%	\$ -	1,270,000	(1,270,000)
6/21/2006	4.20% - 4.25%	-	10,255,000	(10,255,000)
3/22/2007	4.00% - 5.00%	34,130,000	36,800,000	(2,670,000)
2/1/2010	2.00% - 4.00%	24,845,000	26,195,000	(1,350,000)
10/5/2011	2.50% - 5.00%	 13,785,000	16,160,000	(2,375,000)
		\$ 72,760,000	90,680,000	(17,920,000)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- State support of the William Floyd School District budget for the 2014-15 school year was at 50.0%. All indicators point to higher support of the local budget through state aid allocations and a final reduction of the GEA. The NYS Comptroller's office has indicated that there will be additional budget surplus in the upcoming year. The continued increase of unfunded mandates and the reduction of local control over tax levy decisions are making school districts like reduce student opportunities and offerings. We foresee trend continuing into the future which will make the highly complex budgetary process more rigorous and drawn out.
- Retirement contributions for both TRS and ERS employees had slight reductions and indicators point to this continuing over the next few years. With the change to GASB 68 and 71, the state has changed the financial modeling and included the liability or surplus on the districts financials. The State created Tier VI has slowed the growth but will not have a substantial impact for years to come.
- The continued economic issues facing Suffolk County and our local municipalities have impacted William Floyd School District in numerous ways. Investment earnings continue to decline and make up a smaller portion of the District's revenue stream. The banks with whom we deal with have created new ways to increase their revenue stream by charging for services that had no cost impact to the District in previous years. Local commercial and residential real estate markets continue to struggle to recover from previous years. We anticipate that they will continue to find ways to increase revenue streams from local schools and governments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

- During the 2014-15 school year the District was hit with the reductions in assessed values, similar to neighboring districts. It resulted in a decline in assessed of more than \$285,628, and the District was recently notified that the assessed values declined once again in the amount of \$451,285 for the 2015-16 school year. Going forward, the District is anticipating similar declines due to the economic forces influencing housing in the Long Island markets and also the continuing impact of the devastating effects of Super Storm Sandy from 2012, which will result in almost 200 homes being removed from the tax rolls.
- The District continued to deal with financial hardships and foreclosure rates within the communities William Floyd serves which required increased expenditures as the District adheres to State and Federal mandates related to homeless and foster children, even though funding for these mandates continues to be reduced. The number of homeless and foster continues to rise on exponential rate compared to previous periods and the free and reduced rates are a historical high in all buildings
- Federal Grant funding opportunities continue to decline without any reduction in legally required services that need to be offered based on federal rules and grant obligations. This lack of financial support creates an undue burden on districts similar to ours which are heavily affected by economic downturns. These grants are directly targeted to high needs district and the reduction in funds continuously moves the burden to the local tax payers. New grant opportunities continue to be efficiency or performance based and are annual allocations in nature making, them extremely difficult to win, implement and sustain.
- APPR and Common Core continued to be developed during the 2014-15 school year, creating requirements to adhere to these high stakes and unfunded mandates. This shift will continue into the 2015-16 school year and for the foreseeable future with the change of direction in the educational curriculum statewide. The lack of financial support to help implement it is expected from those in charge at NYS. The evaluation component of APPR alone has increased time away from the core mission of educating students and making NYS an educational powerhouse. The introduction of the Common Core initiative across NYS is slowly being met with acceptance but with continued frustration and parental skepticism alike. Most parties agree that the implementation and delivery of the "Common Core" was too swift and lacked the proper support on a variety of levels.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Continued

• The District had accumulated unexpected surplus funds in excess of the allowable 4%. The District utilized these funds to pay off \$10,000,000 of long term debt, for the benefit of the residents. This was done as part of a long term strategy, to reduce fund balance and to provide cost effective solutions to the residents of the William Floyd School District. The NYS Comptroller has recommended that "district officials should develop a plan for the use of surplus funds... in a manner that benefits District taxpayers. Such uses could include, but are not limited to: increasing necessary reserves, paying off debt, financing one-time expenses, and reducing District property taxes". We are also working on long term cost effective opportunities to reduce fund balance that will directly benefit the residents of the William Floyd School District.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Business Office William Floyd Union Free School District 240 Mastic Beach Road Mastic Beach, New York 11951

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,356,026
Restricted cash	28,919,968
Receivables:	
State and federal aid	11,447,225
Accounts receivable	328,970
Due from fiduciary funds	7,150,369
Inventory	4,043
Capital assets, net	225,310,195
Net pension asset, proportionate share - TRS	56,460,619
Total assets	370,977,415
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Deferred charges on refunding of debt	763,888
Pensions	14,329,157
Total deferred outflows of resources	15,093,045
Liabilities:	
Payables:	
Accounts payable	1,837,403
Accrued liabilities	9,392,475
Due to other governments	1,350,534
Due to teachers' retirement system	14,078,140
Due to employees' retirement system	489,609
Accrued interest	146,098
Unearned revenue - Suffolk County Tax Act	10,847,228
Long-term liabilities:	
Due and payable within one year:	
Bonds payable	6,710,000
Due and payable after one year:	
Bonds payable	66,050,000
Other postemployment benefits payable	40,852,538
Compensated absences	8,251,841
Workers compensation	915,160
Net pension liability, proportionate share - ERS	1,567,627
Total liabilities	162,488,653
	(Continued)

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position, Continued

Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred amounts on debt refunding Pensions	\$ 722,499 38,803,796
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,526,295
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	152,591,584
Restricted	28,919,968
Unrestricted	2,543,960
Total net position	\$ 184,055,512

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2015

Functions/programs:		<u>Expenses</u>	Program Charges for <u>Services</u>	Revenue Operating <u>Grants</u>	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in <u>Net Position</u>
General support	\$	26,923,621	_	-	(26,923,621)
Instruction	Ψ	158,386,464	330,773	7,864,648	(150,191,043)
Pupil transportation		12,473,551			(12,473,551)
Community services		2,063	-	-	(2,063)
Interest		3,981,702	-	-	(3,981,702)
Food service program		4,202,834	1,066,472	2,592,777	(543,585)
Total functions and programs	<u>\$</u>	205,970,235	1,397,245	10,457,425	(194,115,565)
General revenue: Real property taxes STAR & other real property tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for I State sources Federal sources Miscellaneous Total general revenue	loss				80,318,116 13,570,924 310,290 447,908 108,699,073 319,008 2,009,174 205,674,493
Change in net position					11,558,928
Net position at beginning of year, before re	estat	ement			157,012,852
Prior period adjustment Cumulative effect of change in accounting	prir	nciple			(668,000) 16,151,732
Net position at beginning of year, as restated	ed				172,496,584
Net position at end of year					<u>\$ 184,055,512</u>

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General	School Lunch	Special <u>Aid</u>	Capital Projects	Debt <u>Service</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets						
Cash:						
Unrestricted	\$ 35,359,603	3,038,716	1,874,687	1,083,020	-	41,356,026
Restricted	28,919,968	-	-	-	-	28,919,968
Receivables:						
Due from other funds	16,799,470	-	-	-	-	16,799,470
State and federal aid	6,767,855	204,311	4,475,059	-	-	11,447,225
Other receivables	328,692	-	278	-	-	328,970
Inventory		4,043		-		4,043
Total assets	88,175,588	3,247,070	6,350,024	1,083,020	-	98,855,702
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance</u> Liabilities: Payables:						
•	1 7 (4 7 5 1	C 001	(()))			1.00
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,764,751	5,821	66,831	-	-	1,837,403
	9,359,395	3,357	29,723	-	-	9,392,475
Due to other funds	-	2,312,611	6,253,470	1,083,020	-	9,649,101
Due to other governments	1,350,534	-	-	-	-	1,350,534
Due to teachers' retirement system	14,078,140	-	-	-	-	14,078,140
Due to employees' retirement system	489,609	-	-	-	-	489,609
Accrued interest	16,611	-	-	-	-	16,611
Unearned revenue - Suffolk County Tax Act	10,847,228	-			+	10,847,228
Total liabilities	37,906,268	2,321,789	6,350,024	1,083,020	-	47,661,101
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable	-	4,043	-	-	-	4,043
Restricted	28,919,968	-	-	-	-	28,919,968
Assigned	12,429,815	921,238	-	-	-	13,351,053
Unassigned	8,919,537		-			8,919,537
Total fund balance	50,269,320	925,281		-		51,194,601
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balance	\$ 88,175,588	3,247,070	6,350,024	1,083,020	-	98,855,702
See accompanying notes to financial statements						

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balance		\$ 51,194,601
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. The assets consist of:		
Capital assets	\$ 346,473,419	
Accumulated depreciation	(121,163,224)	
Total capital assets		225,310,195
Some deferred inflows and outflows are not reported in the funds. These consist of the following: Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred amounts from refunding of debt, net	14,329,157 (38,803,796) 41,389	(24,433,250)
Long-term liabilities including accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of: Accrued interest Compensated absences Workers compensation Bonds payable Other postemployment benefits	(129,487) (8,251,841) (915,160) (72,760,000) (40,852,538)	(122,909,026)
 (Increases) decrease in proportionate share of net position asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Teachers' Retirement System - pension asset Employees' Retirement System - pension liability 	56,460,619 (1,567,627)	54,892,992
Total net position - end of year		\$ 184,055,512

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2015

						Total
		School	Special	Capital	Debt	Governmental
	General	Lunch	Aid	Projects	<u>Service</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenue:						
Real property taxes	\$ 80,318,116	-		· -	-	80,318,116
STAR & other real property tax items	13,570,924	-	-	-	-	13,570,924
Charges for services	330,773	-	-	-	~	330,773
Use of money and property	302,841	7,449	-	-	-	310,290
Sale of property and compensation for loss	447,908	-	-	-	-	447,908
Miscellaneous	1.919,223	313	89,638	-	-	2,009,174
State sources	108,699,073	90,263	2,899,638	-	-	111,688,974
Federal sources	319,008	2,502.514	4,965,010	-	-	7,786,532
School lunch sales	······································	1,066,472			-	1,066,472
Total revenue	205,907,866	3,667,011	7,954,286		-	217,529,163
Expenditures:						
General support	21,345,658	-	-	350,881	-	21,696,539
Instruction	104,519,399	-	6,460,311	15,399	-	110,995,109
Pupil transportation	11,907,567	-	390,039	-	-	12,297,606
Community services	1,572	-	-	-	-	1,572
Food service program	-	3,942,377	-	-	-	3,942,377
Employee benefits	50,231,261	20,484	1,429,672	-	-	51,681,417
Debt service - principal	8,750,000	-	-	-	-	8,750,000
Debt service - interest	3,414,943	-			-	3,414,943
Total expenditures	200,170,400	3,962,861	8,280,022	366,280	**	212,779.563
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	5,737,466	(295,850)	(325,736)	(366,280)		4,749,600
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds of advanced refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	1,085,000	1,085,000
Premium on obligation	-	-	-	-	1,139	1,139
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(11,009,224)	(11.009,224)
Fiscal agent fees	-	-	-	-	(71,916)	(71,916)
Transfers in	4,999	-	325,736	12,638,500	10,000,000	22,969,235
Transfers (out)	(22,964,236)	-			(4,999)	(22,969,235)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,959,237)	-	325.736	12,638,500		(9,995,001)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and other sources						
over expenditures and other (uses)	(17, 221, 771)	(295,850)	-	12,272,220	-	(5,245,401)
Fund balance at beginning of year	67,491,091	1,221,131	<u> </u>	(12.272.220)	<u> </u>	56,440.002
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 50.269.320	925,281	-		••	51,194,601
See accompanying notes to financial statements						

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June, 30 2015

Net change in fund balance		\$ (5,245,401)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Additions of assets, net of reclassifications	\$ 454,309 (6 008 5 45)	((544 22()
Depreciation	(6,998,545)	(6,544,236)
Repayment of bond and installment purchase debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, the governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bond principal payments Issuances of new bonds Amortization of deferred changes in amounts Deferred charges on new bond	19,005,000 (1,085,000) (595,715) 754,224	18,078,509
Compensated absences represent the value of the earned and unused portion of the liability for the vacation and compensatory time. They are reported in the statement of activities but do not require the use of the current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. This is the net change of compensated absences.		(120,591)
Increase in workers' compensation unfunded liability		(247,160)
Some items reported in the statement if activities related to pensions do not require the use of current period resources and are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. Net Pension Liability	529,287	
Deferred outflows - pensions	13,737,334	14,266,621
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditure is reported when due.		27,817
Other postemployment benefits represent the value of the unfunded portion of the cost of benefits for current and former employees upon retirement. They are reported in the statement of activities but do not require the use of the current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		(8,656,631)
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 11,558,928
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

Assets:	Agency <u>Funds</u>	Private Purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	Total Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>
Cash:			
Unrestricted	\$ 7,574,800	142,982	7,717,782
Restricted	131,603	<u> </u>	131,603
Total assets	\$ 7,706,403	142,982	7,849,385
Liabilities:			
Agency liabilities	424,581	-	424,581
Extraclassroom activity fund	131,603	-	131,603
Due to other funds	7,150,219	150	7,150,369
Total liabilities	\$ 7,706,403	150	7,706,553
Net position - reserved for scholarships		<u>\$ 142,832</u>	142,832

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year ended June 30, 2015

	Private	
	Purpose	
	Trust	
	Funds	
Additions:		
Gifts and contributions	\$	94,095
Interest		404
Total additions		94,499
Deductions - scholarships and awards		104,287
Change in net position		(9,788)
Fiduciary net position at beginning of the year		152,620
Fiduciary net position at end of year	\$	142,832

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the William Floyd Union Free School District (the District) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

(a) Reporting Entity

- The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.
- The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.
- The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following entity is included in the District's financial statements:

Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The District reports these assets held by it as agent for the extraclassroom organizations in the statement of fiduciary net position - fiduciary fund. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(b) Joint Venture

- The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Eastern Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.
- BOCES are organized under Section §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under Section §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.
- A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.
- During the year, the District was billed \$18,551,040 for BOCES administrative and program costs and recognized \$2,172,341 in revenue as the District's share of BOCES aid.
- Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. As of year end, there was no debt issued by the District on behalf of BOCES.
- Financial statements for Eastern Suffolk BOCES are available from the business office located at 201 Sunrise Highway, Patchogue, New York 11772-1868.

(c) Basis of Presentation

- (i) District-Wide Statements
 - The statement of net position and the statement of activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants, if applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(c) Basis of Presentation, Continued

- (i) District-Wide Statements, Continued
 - The statement of activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenue include: (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants, contributions and other revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenue that is not classified as program revenue, including real property taxes and state aid, is presented as general revenue.
- (ii) Fund Financial Statements
 - The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the District are presented as major funds. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:
 - <u>Governmental Funds</u> are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the District's primary operating fund and is used to account for and report all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. There are two classes of special revenue funds:

<u>Special Aid Fund</u> - is used to account for and report the proceeds of federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - is used to account for and report the activities of the school lunch operations.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - is used to account for the advance refunding of a portion of the District's outstanding serial bonds.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - is used to account for and report the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(c) Basis of Presentation, Continued

(ii) Fund Financial Statements, Continued

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representative of the donors may serve on committees to determined who benefits.

(d) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

- The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and the related expenditures are incurred.
- The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources management focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenue is recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenue is collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.
- Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs, and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements. Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

- (e) Estimates
 - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

(f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

- The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.
- Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.
- (g) Real Property Taxes
 - Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education. Taxes are collected from December to June. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County in which the District is located.
- (h) Receivables
 - Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

(i) Interfund Transactions

- The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services.
- The amounts reported on the statement of net position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the interfund transactions for governmental funds throughout the year is shown in note 10 to the financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(j) Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

The District uses a capitalization threshold of \$2,000 (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts for grouped like assets or individual assets). Depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Estimated useful life	Depreciation <u>Method</u>
Land improvements	20 years	Straight Line
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5-20 years	Straight Line
Buildings and improvements	40 years	Straight Line

(k) Inventory

- The inventory, which consists of surplus food in the school lunch fund, is recorded at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end balances are not maintained.
- A reserve for non-spendable assets (inventory) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for subsequent expenditures.

(1) Deferred Outflow of Resources and Inflows of Resources

- In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is a deferred charge on refunding of debt reported in the District-wide statement of net position. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide statement of net position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Also included in this item are the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.
- Deferred inflows of resources are reported when revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows also arises when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. The District has reported deferred inflows of \$72,249 for gains on refunding of debt, and \$38,803,796 for pension. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and revenue is recorded.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(m) Compensated Absences

- The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.
- Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.
- Consistent with GASB, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.
- (n) Retirement Plans
 - District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.
- (o) Short-Term Debt
 - The District may issue Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN) in anticipation of the receipt of revenue. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.
- (p) Other Postemployment Benefits
 - In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides both health insurance coverage and Medicare premium reimbursements for retired employees. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District.

(q) Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund for which a legal (appropriated) budget is adopted:

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(q) Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting, Continued

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

(r) Budget Revisions

The Board of Education voted to amend the general fund budget as follows:

Adopted budget Encumbrances carried over	\$ 223,943,389 <u>1,743,287</u>
Original budget Budget revisions	225,686,676
Final budget	\$ 225,857,421

(s) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

(t) Unearned Revenue - Suffolk County Tax Act

Section 9 of the Suffolk County Tax Act allows the Board of Education to raise an additional tax not more than 30% of the tax levy for the purposes of a contingency fund. At June 30, 2015, the District has set aside \$10,170,851 for this purpose. This amount is recorded as unearned revenue as required by the New York State Comptroller.

(u) Equity Classifications

(i) District-wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(u) Equity Classifications, Continued

(ii) Fund Statements

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

There are five classifications for fund balance as detailed below, however, in the fund financial statements there are four classifications presented:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventory and prepaids.

<u>Restricted</u> - This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or to the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(u) Equity Classifications, Continued

(ii) Fund Statements, Continued

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Insurance Reserve

Insurance reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the insurance reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Repair Reserve

Repair Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve. Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If not hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

Capital

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted by a voter approved proposition for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(u) Equity Classifications, Continued

(ii) Fund Statements, Continued

Reserve for Endowments and Scholarships

This reserve is used to account for various endowment and scholarship awards. This reserve is accounted for in the Fiduciary Fund.

<u>Committed</u> - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority; i.e. the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2015.

<u>Assigned</u> - Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances other than in the capital fund are classified as assigned fund balance in the respective fund. The amount appropriated for the subsequent year's budget of the general fund is also classified as assigned fund balance in the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Includes all other net assets that do not meet the definition of the above classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned, then it may be necessary to report negative unassigned fund balances in the respective fund.

(iii) Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, (e.g. expenditures related to reserves) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the District and then determine the order of expenditures to which the fund balance classification will be charged.

(v) New Accounting Pronouncement

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 -"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71 - "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an Amendment to GASB No. 68." The implementation of these Statements resulted in the reporting of an asset, deferred outflows of resources, liability, and deferred inflow of resources related to the District's participation in the New York State Teachers' and Employees' retirement systems. The effect of the new pronouncement on the District's net position as follows:

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(v) New Accounting Pronouncement, Continued	
GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71 implementation	
Beginning System asset - Teachers' Retirement System	\$ 56,460,619
Beginning System liability - Employees' Retirement System	(2,096,914)
Beginning deferred inflow of resources - Teachers' Retirement System	(38,803,796)
Contributions included as of the measurement date - Employees'	
Retirement System	591,823
Cumulative effect of new pronouncement	\$ <u>16,151,732</u>

(w) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Implemented

- GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application" provides guidance regarding accounting and financial reporting related to fair value measures of certain investments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015 for the District. Management is in the process of evaluating the potential impact due to the implementation of this Statement on the financial statements of the District.
- GASB Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68." This Statement, issued in June 2015, establishes requirements for defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution pension plans that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions," as well as requirements for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. The requirements of this Statement for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions as well as the requirements for pension plans within the scope of Statements 67 and 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. This Statement is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.
- GASB Statement No. 74 "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". This Statement, issued in June 2015, replaces existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for post employment benefit plans other than pension plans and also replaces existing requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016 for the District. This Statement is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

(w) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Implemented, Continued

- GASB Statement No. 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." This Statement, issued in June 2015, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, as well as for certain non-employer governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to the employees of other entities. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2017 for the District. Management is in the process of evaluating the potential impact due to the implementation of this Statement on the financial statements of the District.
- GASB Statement No. 76 "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments." This Statement, issued in June 2015, supersedes Statement No. 55 - "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments," and reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The requirements for this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015 for the District. This Statement is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.
- GASB Statement No. 77 "Tax Abatement Disclosures." This Statement requires disclosure of the tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) these that are entered into buy other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015, which is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016 for the District. This Statement is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

(2) Explanation of Certain Differences Between Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

(2) Explanation of Certain Differences Between Fund Statements and District-wide Statements, Continued

- (a) Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.
- (b) Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities Differences between the statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance and the statements of activities fall into one of three broad categories.

Long-term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental fund report revenue only when they are considered "available," whereas the statement of activities reports revenue when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the statement of activities.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the statement of activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the statement of activities.

Long-term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest expense is recorded in the statement of activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the statement of net position.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

(a) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has a specific policy for custodial credit risk; New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

As of June 30, 2015, total bank balances of \$77,993,776 were fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Continued

(b) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash of \$28,919,968 in the general fund represents the following:

Description	<u>Amount</u>
Reserve for employee benefit accrued liability	\$ 7,579,851
Reserve for workers' compensation	3,491,001
Reserve for insurance	2,626,767
Reserve for unemployment	666,228
Reserve for retirement contribution	10,000,000
Reserve for repairs	4,556,121
	\$ <u>28,919,968</u>

(4) Receivables

Major receivables recorded by the District at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

(a) Due from State and Federal Governments - Represents amounts due from other units of government, such as New York State and other local governments. Amounts due to the District at June 30, 2015 are listed below:

General Fund - State and federal aid receivable:		
Excess cost	\$ 3,947,325	
State aid - BOCES	2,172,341	
State aid - other	648,189	\$ <u>6,767,855</u>
Special Aid Fund - State and federal aid receivable - State		
and Federal grants - various		\$ <u>4,475,059</u>

(b) Accounts Receivable - Represents amounts due for out-of-district billings (in the General Fund) and other minor charges or refunds.

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Adjustments/ Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 35,132,218	-	-	35,132,218
Construction in progress	47,770,028		(47,770,028)	-
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	82,902,246	-	(47,770,028)	35,132,218

(5) Capital Assets, Continued

	Balance		Adjustments/	Balance
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reclassifications	June 30, 2015
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 256,099,414	47,810,665	-	303,910,079
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	7,024,266	413,672	(6,816)	7,431,122
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	263,123,680	48,224,337	(6,816)	311,341,201
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	109,010,570	6,666,373	-	115,676,943
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5,160,925	332,172	(6,816)	5,486,281
Total accumulated depreciation	114,171,495	6,998,545	(6,816)	121,163,224
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	148,952,185	41,225,792		190,177,977
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 231,854,431</u>	41,225,792	(47,770,028)	225,310,195

During the year the District reclassified \$47,770,028 from construction in progress to buildings and improvements.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$ 474,419
Instruction	6,448,028
Food service	76,098
Total depreciation expense	\$ <u>6,998,545</u>

(6) Long-term Debt

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Increase	Decrease	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Serial bonds payable	\$ 90,680,000	1,085,000	19,005,000	72,760,000	6,710,000
Compensated absences	8,131,250	120,591	-	8,251,841	-
OPEB liability	32,195,907	13,961,314	5,304,683	40,852,538	-
Workers' compensation	668,000	247,160		915,160	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ <u>131,675,157</u>	<u>15,414,065</u>	<u>24,309,683</u>	<u>122,779,539</u>	<u>6,710,000</u>

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(6) Long-term Debt, Continued

(a) Serial Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities, are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The provision to be made in the general fund's future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities.

Long-Term Debt Maturity Schedule - The following is a statement of serial bonds with corresponding maturity schedules:

1 0	2				
Serial Bonds	Issue <u>Date</u>	Original <u>Amount</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate (%)</u>	Outstanding at 6/30/15
2007 Refunding 2010 Serial bond 2011 Refunding	03/22/07 02/01/10 10/05/11	\$ 54,865,000 30,000,000 20,900,000	06/15/25 12/15/29 06/15/20	4.00%-5.00% 2.00%-4.00% 2.50%-5.00%	34,130,000 24,845,000 <u>13,785,000</u>
Total					\$ <u>72,760,000</u>
Interest on long-ter	m debt for th	e year was compo	osed of:		
Amortiz Less: Interest	accrued in th ation of defe accrued in th ation of defe	e prior year			\$ 3,414,943 129,487 830,613 (157,304) (236,037)
Tota	l expense				\$ <u>3,981,702</u>
The following is a s	summary of t	he maturity of lor	ng-term indeb	tedness:	
Fiscal year endi	ng June30,			Principal	Interest
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2023 2026-2030			\$	6,710,000 7,030,000 7,365,000 7,710,000 8,055,000 27,705,000 8,185,000	3,090,125 2,785,487 2,462,263 2,123,312 1,766,356 4,805,200 <u>844,500</u>
Т	otal		\$	72,760,000	<u>17,877,243</u>

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(6) Long-term Debt, Continued

(b) Advance Refunding

- On July 29, 2014, the District paid \$10,000,000 in cash and issued \$1,085,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of .75% to advance refund \$10,255,000 of outstanding 2006 serial bonds with an average interest rate of 4.225%. The net proceeds of \$11,009,224 (after payment of \$76,916 in underwriting fees, insurance, other issuance costs and a premium of \$1,139) were used to purchase United States government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the 2006 serial bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2015, the balance of the advance refunded bonds was \$9,430,000.
- The original issue premiums on bonds have been deferred and recorded as deferred inflow of resources on the District-wide financial statements. The premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method, the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is \$236,037 and is included as a reduction to interest expense as is the current premium of \$1,139 on the statement of activities.

Deferred premiums	\$ 1,445,000
Less: accumulated amortization	(722,501)
Net unamortized premiums	\$ 722,499

The original charges to refund bonds are recorded as deferred outflows of resources on the District-wide financial statements. The charges are being amortized using the straight-line method, the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is \$830,613 and is included as an increase to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred charges Less: accumulated amortization	\$ 1,375,000 (611,112)
Net unamortized charges	\$

(c) Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the value of earned and unused portion of the liability for compensated absences.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(7) Pension Obligations

(a) Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provision of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees; Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/inex.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

- (a) Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided, Continued
 - The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annual certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems; fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.
 - Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	TRS	ERS	Total
2015	\$ 12,770,980	1,958,435	14,729,415
2014	11,701,201	2,181,534	13,882,735
2013	8,617,722	2,127,550	10,745,272

- (b) Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions
 - At June 30, 2015, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2015 for ERS and June 30, 2014 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Actuarial valuation date	3/31/2015	6/30/2014
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (1,567,627)	56,460,619
District's proportion of the Plan's net		
pension asset/(liability)	0.0464036%	0.506856%

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District's recognized pension expense of \$1,462,082 for ERS.

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

(b) Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

At June 30, 2015 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of Res	Outflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected	ERS	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u> <u>TRS</u>	
and actual experience	\$ 50,181	-	- 825,633	
Changes of assumptions	-	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	272,279	-	- 37,919,443	
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	<u>173,456</u>		58,720	-
	495,916	-	- 38,803,796	,
District's contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date	<u>459,609</u>	13,373,632	••• ••• •••	
Total	\$ <u>955,525</u>	<u>13,373,632</u>	<u> </u>	-

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as follows:

Year ended	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2015	\$-	9,582,692
2016	123,979	9,582,692
2017	123,979	9,582,692
2018	123,979	9,582,692
2019	123,979	102,832
Thereafter		370,196
	\$ <u>495,916</u>	<u>38,803,769</u>

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

(b) Pension Asset/(Liability), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, Continued

The following is a summary of activity related to the pensions:

	EF	ERS		TRS	
	Prior period <u>activity</u>	Current year <u>activity</u>	Prior period <u>activity</u>	Current year <u>activity</u>	Total <u>activity</u>
Change in accounting principle	\$ 1,505,091	-	(17,656,823)	-	(16,151,732)
Net pension asset	-	-	56,460,619	-	56,460,619
Deferred outflows of resources	591,823	363,702	-	13,373,632	14,329,157
Net pension liability	(2,096,914)	529,287	-	-	(1,567,627)
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-	(38,803,796)	-	(38,803,796)
Decrease in expenditures	-	(892,989)	-	(13,373,632)	(14,266,621)

(c) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2014
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2014	June 30, 2013
Interest rate	7.5%	8%
Salary scale	4.9% Average	4.01% - 10.91%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2005 - March 31, 2010 System's Experience	July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.7%	3.0%

- For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2005 March 31, 2011 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2005 June 30, 2010 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.
- For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2014 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 March 31, 2010. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005- June 30, 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

(c) Actuarial Assumptions, Continued

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2015	June 30, 2013
Asset type:		
Domestic equity	7.30%	7.30%
International equity	8.55%	8.50%
Real estate	8.25%	5.00%
Domestic fixed income securities	-	1.50%
Global fixed income securities	-	1.40%
Mortgages	-	3.40%
Short-term	-	0.80%
Private equity	11.00%	-
Absolute return strategies	6.75%	-
Opportunities portfolio	8.60%	-
Real assets	8.65%	-
Bonds and mortgages	4.00%	-
Cash	2.25%	-
Inflation - indexed bonds	4.00%	-

(d) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5% for ERS and 8.0% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

(e) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% for ERS and 8.0% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.5% for ERS and 7.0% for TRS) or 1% higher (8.5% for ERS and 9.0% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
	(<u>6.5%</u>)	(<u>7.5%</u>)	(<u>8.5%</u>)
Employer's proportionate share of			
the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ <u>(448,912</u>)	<u>(1,567,627</u>)	<u>(5,930,380</u>)
TRS	1%	Current	1%
TRS	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
TRS		0	_
TRS Employer's proportionate share of	Decrease	Assumption	Increase

(f) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollars in Millions)			ıs)
		ERS	TRS	<u>Total</u>
Valuation date	3/	/31/2015	6/30/2014	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ ((164,592)	(97,016)	(261,608)
Plan net position		161,213	108,155	269,368
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	<u>(3,379</u>)	11,139	
Ration of plan net position to the Employers' total pension asset/(liability)		97.9%	111.48%	97.12%

(g) Payables to the Pension Plan

ERS employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$489,609. This amount has been recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund statements and a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(7) Pension Obligations, Continued

(g) Payables to the Pension Plan, Continued

TRS employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2015 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued employer retirement contributions and employee retirement contributions as of June 30, 2015 amounted to \$13,373,362 and \$704,778, respectively. The accrued employer contributions have been recorded as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits(OPEB)

(a) Plan Description

The District provides medical, prescription drug and vision to retirees and their covered dependents. Currently, there are about 1,437 current and former employees participating in the District's OPEB plan. Benefit provisions are established and amended through negotiations between the District and the respective unions.

(b) Funding Policy

For the district retired employee health plan (DREHP), contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are established by the Board of Education. The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The District's annual OPEB cost for the current year and the related information for each plan are as follows.

(c) Annual OPEB Cost

Normal cost Amortization of UAL	\$ 6,644,530 _7,434,596
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	14,079,126 1,609,795 <u>(1,727,607</u>)
OPEB expense	\$ <u>13,961,314</u>

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits(OPEB), Continued

(d) Reconciliation of Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB obligation at the beginning of the year OEPB expense Net OPEB contributions made during the fiscal year					32,195,907 13,961,314 <u>(5,304,683</u>)
Net OPEB of	oligation at the end	of the year		\$	40,852,538
Percentage of	f expense contribut	ed			34.2%
<u>(e) Trend Informatic</u> Fiscal	Annual	OPEB	% of		Net
year <u>ending</u>	net OPEB <u>expense</u>	expense contributed	expense contributed		OPEB obligation
June 30, 2015\$13,961,3145,304,68338.0%June 30, 201413,227,7475,270,31739.8%June 30, 201310,880,1945,764,33052.0%					40,852,538 32,195,907 24,238,477
(f) Funding Status Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of assets					138,552,092
Unfunded act			138,552,092		
Funded ratio (assets as a percentage of AAL)					0%
Annual cover	ed payroll			\$	<u>91,558,354</u>
UAAL as a p	ercentage of covere	ed payroll			151.3%

(g) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

- Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. For this reason, the results in this report should be viewed as estimates. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.
- The projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of the valuation date and on the pattern of cost-sharing between the employer and Plan members. In addition, the projections do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost-sharing between the employer and Plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective; actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial measurement date was dated July 1, 2014.

(8) Other Postemployment Benefits(OPEB), Continued

(g) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions, Continued

Effective January 1, 2008, the District's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost for all employee health insurance benefits is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

(h) Additional Information

<u>automai intornation</u>	
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization period	Single amortization period
Amortization period (years)	30
Amortization discount	5.00%
Payroll growth rate	4.00%
Healthcare trend rates	4.62%
First year	4.62%
Final year	4.24%
Method used to determine actuarial value of assets	N.A

(9) Risk Management

(a) General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

(b) Self-Insured Health Insurance

The District has chosen to establish a self-funded health and dental benefit program for its employees. The benefit programs administrator, Island Group Administration, is responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which they bill the District for reimbursement. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The benefit program reports on a fiscal year ending June 30. The program is accounted for in the general fund of the District. At year-end, the District has a liability of \$6,572,251, which represents reported and unreported claims, which were incurred on or before year end, but which were not paid by the District as of that date.

(9) Risk Management, Continued

(b) Self-Insured Health Insurance, Continued

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the year are as follows:

	Beginning of Year <u>Liability</u>	Incurred Claims Including <u>IBNRs</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	End of Year <u>Liability</u>
2012-2013	\$ <u>4,229,022</u>	25,431,062	23,728,067	<u>5,932,017</u>
2013-2014	\$ <u>5,932,017</u>	<u>23,710,256</u>	<u>23,713,225</u>	<u>5,929,048</u>
2014-2015	\$ <u>5,929,048</u>	26,932,208	26,289,005	<u>6,572,251</u>

(10) Interfund Transactions - Governmental Funds

	Inter	fund	Interfund		
Fund	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>	Transfers in	Transfers out	
General	\$ 16,799,470	-	4,999	22,964,236	
School lunch	-	2,312,611	-	-	
Special aid	-	6,253,470	325,736	-	
Capital projects	-	1,083,020	12,638,500	-	
Debt service	-	-	10,000,000	4,999	
Fiduciary	-	7,150,369			
Total government					
activities	\$ <u>16,799,470</u>	<u>16,799,470</u>	<u>22,969,235</u>	<u>22,969,235</u>	

- The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund, as a required local match for Federal and State grants.
- All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.
- Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the statement of net position.

(11) Fund Balance

The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the governmental fund's balance sheet:

Nonspendable - school	General <u>Fund</u>	School Lunch <u>Fund</u>	Total
lunch inventory	\$ -	4,043	4,043
Restricted:			
Employee benefit accrued liability	7,579,851	-	7,579,851
Workers compensation	3,491,001	-	3,491,001
Insurance	2,626,767	-	2,626,767
Unemployment	666,228	-	666,228
Retirement contribution	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Repairs	4,556,121		4,556,121
Total restricted	28,919,968		<u>28,919,968</u>
Assigned:			
School lunch	-	921,238	921,238
General fund:			
General support	173,052	-	173,052
Instruction	1,546,026	-	1,546,026
Community service	75	-	75
Appropriated fund balance	10,710,662		10,710,662
Total assigned	12,429,815	921,238	13,351,053
Unassigned	8,919,537		8,919,537
Total fund balance	\$ <u>50,269,320</u>	<u>925,281</u>	<u>51,194,601</u>

The following is a summary of the change in reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance at			Balance at
	7/1/14	Additions	Deletions	7/1/15
General Fund:				
Employee benefit accrued liability	\$ 7,553,414	26,437	-	7,579,851
Workers compensation	4,562,614	-	1,071,613	3,491,001
Insurance	2,617,605	9,162	-	2,626,767
Unemployment	1,660,417	-	994,189	666,228
Retirement contribution	12,425,051	-	2,425,051	10,000,000
Repairs		4,556,121		4,556,121
Total general fund	\$ <u>28,819,101</u>	<u>4,591,720</u>	<u>4,490,853</u>	<u>28,919,968</u>

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(12) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Potential Grantor Liability

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

(b) Litigation

- The District is party to various legal proceedings, which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings.
- While the outcome of the above-noted proceedings cannot be predicted, the District feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District.

(13) Prior Period Adjustments

General Fund

Prior-period adjustment of \$668,000 was made to beginning net position to record estimated liability for the District's portion of the unfunded liability related to workers' compensation self-insurance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule 1

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund Year ended June 30, 2015

			Astual	Final Budget Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual (Budgetary	Budgetary
	Budget	Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	<u>Actual</u>
Revenue:	Dudget	Dudget	<u>Dasis)</u>	Actual
Local sources:				
Real property taxes	\$ 94,689,348	80,317,941	80,318,116	175
Star & Other real properrty tax items	15,000	13,583,407	13,570,924	(12,483)
Charges for services	214,250	214,250	330,773	116,523
Use of money and property	348,000	348,000	302,841	(45,159)
Sale of property and compensation				
for loss	22,000	22,000	447,908	425,908
Miscellaneous	855,000	1,008,632	1,919,223	910,591
State aid	106,875,791	106,875,791	108,699,073	1,823,282
Federal aid	80,000	80,000	319,008	239,008
Other financing sources - transfers				
from other funds	 -		4,999	4,999
Total revenue and other sources	203,099,389	202,450,021	205,912,865	3,462,844
Appropriated fund balance	20,844,000	21,664,113		
Prior year encumbrances	 1,743,287	1,743,287		
Total revenue and appropriated				
fund balance	\$ 225,686,676	225,857,421		
	 			(Continued)

(Continued)

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - General Fund, Continued

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual (Budgetary <u>Basis)</u>	Year-End <u>Encumbrances</u>	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual and <u>Encumbrances</u>
Expenditures:					
General support:					
Board of education	\$ 86,95	,	-	-	26,064
Central administration	1,096,30	, ,	1,121,367	-	(26,523)
Finance	1,371,02		895,079	-	477,319
Staff	2,073,44	4 2,110,354	1,303,194	531	806,629
Central services	18,608,82	18,652,031	15,766,043	172,521	2,713,467
Special items	2,824,25	2,714,772	2,202,189	-	512,583
Instructional:					
Instruction, adm. and imp.	5,557,23	9 5,724,364	4,975,483	5,000	743,881
Teaching - regular school	57,820,73	1 57,860,768	54,796,191	148,339	2,916,238
Programs for children with					
special needs	40,619,80	40,475,265	35,514,280	1,373,935	3,587,050
Teaching - special schools	158,43	0 158,430	144,429	-	14,001
Instructional media	2,173,90	1 2,252,930	2,081,532	4	171,394
Pupil services	7,472,97	7,549,552	7,007,484	18,748	523,320
Pupil transportation	13,908,51	5 14,014,307	11,907,567	-	2,106,740
Community services		- 15,000	1,572	75	13,353
Employee benefits	58,756,59	3 58,620,856	50,231,261	-	8,389,595
Debt service:					
Debt service - principal	8,750,00	0 8,750,000	8,750,000	-	-
Debt service - interest	4,092,70	0 4,092,700	3,414,943		677,757
Total expenditures	225,371,67	6 225,542,421	200,170,400	1,719,153	23,652,868
Other financing uses - transfers					
to other funds	315,00	0 315,000	22,964,236		(22,649,236)
Total expenditures and other uses	\$ 225,686,67	6 225,857,421	223,134,636	1,719,153	1,003,632
Net change in fund balances			(17,221,771)		
Fund balance at beginning of year			67,491,091		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 50,269,320		

Schedule 2

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Value of <u>Assets</u>	Accrued Liability	Unfunded <u>Liability</u>	Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Covered <u>Payroll</u>	Unfunded Liability as a Percentage of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
July 1, 2012	\$-	95,907,499	95,907,499	N/A	87,172,461	110.0%
July 1, 2013	-	130,794,091	130,794,091	N/A	90,023,467	145.3%
July 1, 2014	-	138,552,092	138,552,092	N/A	91,558,354	151.3%

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Asset/Liability For the year ended June 30, 2015

TRS System - Asset	2015	2014
The District's proportion of the net pension asset The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset	0.506856% \$ 56,460,619	0.506856% \$ 56,460,619
The District's covered employee payroll	\$ 50,400,019	\$ 50,400,019 \$ -
The District's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	111.48%	100.70%
ERS System - Liability	2015	2014

The District's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.0464036%	().0464036%
The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,567,627	\$	2,096,914
The District's covered employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-
The District's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.90%		97.20%

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Pension Contributions For the year ended June 30, 2015

TRS System	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	2012	2011	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,770,980	11,701,201	8,617,722	7,825,384	6,723,708	4,685,260	5,566,356	6,126,286	5,616,388	5,839,947
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	12,770,980	11,701,201	8,617,722	7,825,384	6,723,708	4,685,260	5,566,356	6,126,286	5,616,388	5,839,947
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	_	-							_
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll	17.53%	16.25%	11.84%	11.11%	8.62%	6.19%	7.63%	8.73%	8.60%	7.97%
ERS System	2015	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2008</u>	2007	<u>2006</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,958,435	2,181,534	2,127,550	1,743,112	1,231,525	888,880	880,369	955,872	1,051,821	1,106,406
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,958,435	2,181,534	2,127,550	1,743,112	1,231,525	888,880	880,369	955,872	1,051,821	1,106,406
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-				
Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll	15.49%	18.30%	17.95%	17.64%	12.21%	8.47%	6.47%	8.03%	9.54%	9.92%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule 5

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit Calculation For the year ended June 30, 2015

Change from adopted budget to final budget:		
Adopted budget		\$ 223,943,389
Add prior year's encumbrances		 1,743,287
Original budget		225,686,676
Estimated revenue reductions Additional appropriated fund balance		 (649,368) 820,113
Final budget		\$ 225,857,421
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation		
2015-2016 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 222,988,432
Maximum allowed 4% of 2015 budget		 8,919,537
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance \$	10,710,662	
Encumbrances	1,719,153	
Unassigned fund balance	8,919,537	
Total unrestricted fund balance		21,349,352
Less:		
Appropriated fund balance	10,710,662	
Encumbrances	1,719,153	
Total adjustments		 12,429,815
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 8,919,537
Actual percentage		4.00%

* Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions," updated April 2011 (originally issued November 2010), the portion of [general fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Schedule of Project Expenditures - Capital Projects Fund Year ended June 30, 2015

		Expenditures and Obligations to Date						Methods o	f Financing		
											Fund
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Proceeds of		Local		Balance
Project title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	Year	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	State Aid	Sources	<u>Total</u>	6/30/2015
Excel Projects	<u>\$ 56,905,000</u>	56,905,000	47,770,028	-	47,770,028	9,134,972	30,000,000	5,187,444	12,582,584	47,770,028	-

Schedule 6

Schedule 7

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Net Investment in Capital Assets June 30, 2015

Capital assets, net	\$ 225,310,195
Add: Deferred changes on refunding of debt	763,888
Deduct: Deferred amounts on debt refunding Serial bonds payable	\$ (722,499) _(72,760,000)(73,482,499)
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 152,591,584</u>

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Federal Grant Compliance Audit June 30, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing</u> <u>Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the fiduciary funds of William Floyd Union Free School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the basic financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Toski & Co., CPAS, P.C.

Williamsville, New York October 13, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER <u>COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133</u>

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited William Floyd Union Free School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of flaws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, William Floyd Union Free School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Toski & Co., CPAS, P.C.

Williamsville, New York October 13, 2015

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended June 30, 2015

Federal Cuenter/Dece through Cuenter Due group Title	Federal CFDA	Agency or pass-through	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor Program Title	<u>Number</u>	number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through New York State Education			
Department:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			• • • • • • • • •
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 479,383
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	1,898,742
Summer Food Service Progam for Children	10.559	N/A	25,125
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,403,250
Commodity Supplemental Food Program	10.555	N/A	99,264
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,502,514
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through New York State Education Department: Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	0032-15-0894	2,180,535
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	0033-15-0894	164,866
Total Special Education cluster			2,345,401
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-15-3025	1,611,338
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	0293-15-3025	40,814
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race to	84.367	0147-15-3025	464,429
the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395	5545-14-0047	82,985
are rop meentive Grants, Recovery Rec	84.395	5555-15-0007	99,999
	84.395	5500-14-3025/ 5500-15-3025	243,029
	84.395	5560-14-014/ 5560-15-014	77,015
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,965,010
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,467,524

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

June 30, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards represents all federal awards administered by the District. The District's organization is defined in note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements.

(b) Basis Of Accounting

The expenditures in the accompanying schedule are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements

(c) Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at fair market value of the food commodities received. At June 30, 2015, the District had no food commodities in inventory.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year ended June 30, 2015

Part I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements.

Financial Statements:	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
1. Material weakness(ies) identified?	Yes <u>x</u> No
2. Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes <u>x</u> None reported
3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>x</u> No
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major programs:	
4. Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>x</u> No
5. Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes <u>x</u> None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 (section .510(a))?	Yes <u>x</u> No
7. The District's major programs audited were:	
Name of Federal Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	10.553 10.555 10.559 84.367
8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs?	\$300,000
9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>x</u> Yes <u>No</u>
art II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION	

Part II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS SECTION

No reportable findings.

Part III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

No reportable findings and questioned costs.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Status of Prior Audit Findings Year ended June 30, 2015

There were no audit findings in the prior year financial statements (June 30, 2014).

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Extraclassroom Activity Funds Financial Statement with Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2015

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Extraclassroom Activity Fund

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Supplemental Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - Cash Basis	6 - 7

* * * * * *

TOSKI & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education William Floyd Union Free School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Extraclassroom Activity Fund of William Floyd Union Free School District (the District) which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities and fund equity - cash basis as of June 30, 2015, and the related statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund equity - cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in note 1(b), this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund quity - cash basis and the related revenues, expenditures and changes in fund equity - cash basis of the William Floyd Union Free School District's Extraclassroom Activity Fund for the year ended June 30, 2015, in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in note 1(b).

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to note 1(b) of the financial statement, which describes the basis of accounting. This financial statements is prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplemental schedule on pages 6 and 7 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the effects of any adjustments that might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to perform adequate auditing procedures in regard to the receipts referred to in the opinion paragraphs, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Tarki & Co., CPAS, P.C.

Williamsville, New York October 13, 2015

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Extraclassroom Activity Fund Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - Cash Basis Year ended June 30, 2015

Assets	
Cash	\$ 131,603
Total assets	<u>\$ 131,603</u>
Liabilities and Fund Equity	
• • • •	\$ 131,603
Fund equity - assigned	<u>\$ 131,003</u>
Total fund equity	131,603
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$ 131,603</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Extraclassroom Activity Fund

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Operations

- The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds represent funds of the students of the School District. The related year-end cash balances are shown as part of the William Floyd Union Free School District's Fiduciary Fund with an offsetting liability.
- The Board of Education makes rules and regulations for the conduct, operation and maintenance of the Extraclassroom Activity Fund and for the safeguarding, accounting and auditing of all monies received and derived therefrom.

(b) Basis of Accounting

The accounts of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of William Floyd Union Free School District are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. The cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

(c) Fund Equity Assigned

- Fund equity includes amounts that are constrained by the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of William Floyd Union Free School District's intent to be used for specific purposes of the respective activity, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents
 - The Fund's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and shortterm investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.
 - Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and District's.

(2) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, the School District's Extraclassroom total bank balances of \$131,603 were covered by FDIC.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Extraclassroom Activity Fund Supplemental Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - Cash Basis Year ended June 30, 2015

	Cash Balances at	Cash	Cash	Cash Balances at
Frederic La serie a serie A setis ites				
Extraclassroom Activity	July 1, 2014	<u> Receipts</u>	Disbursements	June 30, 2015
William Floyd High School:				
Best Buddies	\$ 3,573	1,098	(1,629)	3,042
Chamber Players	31	15,656	(14,460)	1,227
Class of 2014	3,422	-	(3,422)	-
Class of 2015	4,920	44,374	(45,489)	3,805
Class of 2016	2,863		(843)	2,020
Class of 2017	7,880) –	(1,372)	6,508
Class of 2018	-	3,506	(1,993)	1,513
Foreign Language Honor Society	52	-	-	52
Future Business Leaders of America	86	975	(984)	77
Interact Club	291	625	(750)	166
Key Club	719	14,921	(14,436)	1,204
Mock Trial	150	-	-	150
Music Club	1,313	15,025	(15,338)	1,000
National Art Honor Society	958	1,826	(1,620)	1,164
National Honor Society	1,054	6,464	(6,392)	1,126
Quiz Bowl/LI Challenge	11	-	-	11
Rockettes (Kickline)	786	2,866	(3,451)	201
Sales Tax Payable	73	2,651	(2,652)	72
Select Choir	1,486	42,943	(38,472)	5,957
Sports Club	15,423	19,026	(19,918)	14,531
Stage Band/Jass Ensemble	5,046	50,431	(55,337)	140
Student Council	8,286	18,880	(16,310)	10,856
Tri-M (Modern Music Masters)	7,955	2,929	(4,250)	6,634
Vocal Ensemble	14	1,046	(945)	115
Yearbook	1,807	9,486	(120)	11,173
Youth and Government	420	· · · ·	(8,483)	6,455
Total High School	68,619	269,246	(258,666)	79,199

(Continued)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

WILLIAM FLOYD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Extraclassroom Activity Fund Supplemental Schedule of Cash Receipts and Disbursements - Cash Basis, Continued

	Cash Balances at	Receipts and	Disbursements and	Cash Balances at
Extraclassroom Activity	July 1, 2014	Transfers	Transfers	June 30, 2015
William Paca Middle School:				
Girl's Chorus	\$ -	14,253	(12,833)	1,420
Honor Society	784	-	(218)	566
Jazz Band	-	13	-	13
Robotics	528	-	(460)	68
Sales Tax Payable	632	308	(304)	636
Student Council	19,333	19,208	(18,219)	20,322
Yearbook	3,321	_	(37)	3,284
Total Paca Middle School	24,598	33,782	(32,071)	26,309
William Floyd Middle School:				
6th Grade Field Trip	2,120	9,284	(7,844)	3,560
Concert Band	1,198	9,242	(10,219)	221
Festival Orchestra	-	6,470	(6,470)	-
Girl's Chorus	-	3,110	(3,110)	-
Honor Society	-	2,070	(1,849)	221
Quarterly Sales Tax - District	298	5,235	(4,139)	1,394
Sales Tax Payable	288	1,081	(888)	481
Student Council	22,299	27,664	(37,797)	12,166
Student Council PBS	2,346	3,973	(3,036)	3,283
Yearbook	2,365	2,605	(201)	4,769
Total Middle School	30,914	70,734	(75,553)	26,095
Grand Total	<u>\$ 124,131</u>	373,762	(366,290)	131,603

See accompanying notes to financial statements.